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2006

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http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

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chain bonds 5-9 6-7 9 1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 isolated ring systems: containing 1:16: ring nodes: normalized bonds : exact bonds : exact/norm bonds : 6-7 9-10 9-11 1 ring bonds : 1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 chain nodes : 13-14 6-7 9-10 5 12 6 16 9-11 11-12 12-13 12-15 13-14 11-12 13 17 18 14 12-13 5-6 16-17 16-21 17-18 18-19 5-6 16-17 16-21 17-18 18-19 19 12-15 20 21 19-20 19-20 20-21 20-21

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1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 9:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:Atom 17:Ato 16:Atom 17:Atom 10:CLASS 18:Atom

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TOTAL SESSION 1.05

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SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3 TO ITERATE 3 ITERATIONS 0

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FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE BATCH **COMPLETE** **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ANSWERS: PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 3 TO

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100.0% PROCESSED SEARCH TIME: 00.00.05 71 ITERATIONS 15 ANSWERS

15 SEA SSS FUL L1

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=> S L3

20 L3

PATENT INFORMATION: FAMILY ACC. NUM. DOCUMENT TYPE: SOURCE: PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): INVENTOR (S): TITLE: DOCUMENT NUMBER: ACCESSION NUMBER: => D 1-20 IBIB ABS HITSTR LANGUAGE: ANSWER 1 OF 20 COUNT: CAPLUS Hobbs, Douglas W. Schering Corporation, USA; Pharmacopeia Drug English PCT Int. Appl CODEN: PIXXD2 Discovery, Zeng, Qingbei; Yang, De-Yi; Rosenblum, Stuart B.; Wong, Michael K. C.; Anilkumar, Gopinadhan N.; Kim, Seong Heon; Yu, Wensheng; Kozlowski, Joseph A.; Shih, Neng-Yang; Mcguinness, Brian F.; Zawacki, Lisa Guise; pyrazinyl-piperazine-piperidines with CXCR3 antagonist activity Preparation of herteroaryl substituted ratent 145:293103 006:886342 COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on CAPLUS

PRIORITY APPLN. WO 2006091428 PATENT NO. OHNI S & AAM, CCU, HR, LR, SM, CH, CH, CH, CM, RU, RU, KIND TAZ AV SY NO. ST HUZZY NO. SY 20060831 AU, AZ, DE, DK, ID, IL, LT, LU, NZ, OM, TJ, TM, DATE H N O N C SD, SD, ST, PR TN, DM, BA US 2005-653477P WO 2006-US5122 APPLICATION NO. SZ BB, DZ, LY, PH, TR, THE AND ESC. Z ₩ S ES TANKER, GEET SNEST ZW, JR, GB, G R K K ES, AM, 20060214 82, CA, CH, 81, GB, GD, 91, GB, GD, 91, KP, KR, 91, MW, MX, 92, VC, 93, UZ, VC, DATE 20050216 BF, BW, B E B E

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

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Title compds. I [X = N, O, alkyl, etc.; D = (un)substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl (excluding phenyl), etc.; Y = CO, CH-heteroaryl, (un)substituted imine, etc.; R1 and R2 independently = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; R3 and R6 = H, alkyl, CN, haloalkyl, etc.; R7 and R8 independently = H, CN, cN, alkoxy, etc.; R10 independently at each occurrence = H, aryl, heteroaryl, etc.; R1 = H, CO2H, halo, etc.; R12 = H, CN, hydroxyalkyl, etc.; m = 0-4; n = 0-4], and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, are prepared and disclosed as CXR3 antagonists. Thus, e.g., Il was prepared N-acylation of piperidine III (preparation given) with lithium 2-amino-5-chloronicotthate (preparation given). In assays for CXR3 antagonists, selected compds, were found to demonstrate K; values antagonist activity, from 1-4 nM. Also d Also disclosed is a method of treating chemokine mediated

diseases, such as, palliative therapy, curative therapy, prophylactic therapy of certain diseases and conditions such as inflammatory diseases (non limiting example(s) include, psoriasis), autoimmune diseases (non limiting example(s) include, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis), graft rejection (non limiting example(s) include, allograft rejection, xenograft rejection), infectious diseases (e.g., tuberculoid leprosy), fixed drug eruptions, cutaneous delayed type hypersensitivity responses, ophthalmic inflammation, type I diabetes, viral meningitis and tumors

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908344-68-3P 908344-70-7P 908344-72-9P 908344-10-P 908345-56-2P P 908345-56-2P RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES

(preparation of herteroaryl substituted pyrazinyl-piperazine-piperidines with CXCR3 antagonist activity) 908344-68-3 CAPLUS INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

₽₽

Absolute stereochemistry.

S S 908344-70-7 CAPLUS INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

Absolute stereochemistry.

δ <u>\$</u> 908344-72-9 CAPLUS INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

Absolute stereochemistry.

₽ ₽ 908344-81-0 CAPLUS INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

Absolute stereochemistry.

Ç R 908345-56-2 CAPLUS INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:325702 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:367646

FAMILY ACC. NUM. CC PATENT INFORMATION: DOCUMENT TYPE: SOURCE: INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): TITLE: LANGUAGE: PATENT NO. COUNT: English CODEN: USXXCO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 52 pp. Methods using sodium channel blockers for reducing risk of infection from pathogens Johnson, Michael R.; Hopkins, Samuel E. APPLICATION NO.

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2005080093 AU 2004287352 CA 2534069 EP 1656022 R: AT, 2005044180 RW: SEARINE BE, CH, SI, LT, TD SK THE SERVICE SE DE, ΞĶ, BB, BB, TH, HU, CZ, 20060517 , ES, FR, , RO, MK, 20050414 20050519 20050519 20050519 20051006 AU. DK. LV. MA. PL. PT. TZ. UA. PL. PT. TZ. UA. PL. WA. PL. PT. TZ. UA. PT. UA. P 7 EP 2004-816810
L GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, V, SZ, 2003-494842
US 2004-920484
WO 2004-US26778 US 2004-920484 AU 2004-287352 CA 2004-2534069 WO 2004-US26778 2004-US26778 2004-287352 2004-2534069 Breit Schie GMC SZ V SD ME E R GOL CASE SE EE, ON, CO, KO, KES, RA P 20030820 A 20040818 W 20040819 20040819 , SE, MC, PT, , HU, PL, SK, P 20030820 A 20040818 20040818 20040819 20040819 20040819 MRO, DE KA SE DAM 拼

H OTHER SOURCE(S):
AB Prophylacti and/or populations against infection from airborne pathogens. In particular, prophylactic treatment methods are provided comprising administering a sodium channel blocker or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to one or more members of a population at risk of exposure to or already exposed to one or more airborne pathogens, either from natural sources or from intentional release of pathogens into the environment. Prophylactic treatment methods are provided for protection of individuals MARPAT 142:367646

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (sodium channel blockers for reducing risk of infection from pathogens) 583825-20-1 CAPLUS

Ç ₹ Pyrazinecarboxamide 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[[{4-(1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-3-pyridinyl)butyl]amino]iminomethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:678615 CAPLUS

FAMILY ACC. NUM. CO PATENT INFORMATION: LANGUAGE: DOCUMENT TYPE: PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): INVENTOR (S): DOCUMENT NUMBER: US 2003195160 US 6858614 CA 2476837 AU 2003215286 EP 1485359 WO 2003070184 WO 2003070184 W: AE, AG PATENT NO. BY KE CH PL CO 7.2.0.0.7.1.F. COUNT: 403384669 139:191482 Sodium channel blockers PCT Int. Appl., 66 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 Johnson, Michael R. CHILL SC SELL BE 20030828 20040617 AU, AZ, DK, DM, IN, IS, MD, MG, SD, SE, VN, YU, GE TWO SE ME AU CA 2003-2476837 AU 2003-215286 EP 2003-711105 S WO 2003-US4823 APPLICATION NO. GW, SSE € T K K E S SE, ME KR

KZ, NO, TN,

TR, CO,

18465

20030219 DATE

SI,

AM, AZ, BY, DK, EE, ES, SK, TR, BF, TD, TG 20020219

OTHER SOURCE(S):
AB The present MARPAT 139:191482 C, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, R, CZ, AL, TR, BG, CZ, LI, TR, BG, CZ, ΣÞ

20041007 20041014 20041007 20041007 20041007

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

R: AT, BE, IE, SI, JP 2005526726
US, 2004198744
US 2004198745
US 2004198746
US 2004198747
US 2004198747

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20041215 , ES, FR, , RO, MK, 20050908

EE,

SE, MC, PT, HU, SK

20030219

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20040421 20040421 20040421

Η The present invention relates to sodium channel blockers (Markush structures are included). The present invention also includes a variety of methods of treatment using these novel sodium channel blockers. 583825-20-1P 583825-21-2P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES

(sodium channel blockers for therapy of pulmonary and other diseases) 583825-20-1 CAPIUS

Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[[[4-(1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-3-pyridinyl)butyl]amino]iminomethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Q 2

꾿 583825-21-2 CAPLUS

S Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[[[4-(1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-3-pyridinyl)butyl]amino]iminomethyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HC1

OTHER SOURCE(S): L4 ANSWER 4 OF 20 ACCESSION NUMBER: FAMILY ACC. NUM. CC PATENT INFORMATION: DOCUMENT TYPE: SOURCE: PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): INVENTOR(S): TITLE: LANGUAGE: R: AT, JP 06509798 NO 9400523 WO 9304048 W: AT, AU DE EP EP 598770 PATENT NO. 4127026 669122 APPLN. INFO.: ₽w: S A A 5,4,8 COUNT: CAPLUS 끉 CHUB German 2 BG, MG, CM, CM, All All All B2 B2 B2 B2 A1 PCT Int. Appl CODEN: PIXXD2 Koeppe, Herbert; Speck, Georg; Stockhaus, Klaus Boehringer Ingelheim International G.m.b.H., Germany; Boehringer Ingelheim KG PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp. use as ingredients in drugs New pyrazine derivatives, their preparation and their 119:49413 JS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 1993:449413 CAPLUS Ŗ, ₽ Ŗ **₹** Ŗ CA, CH, MW, NL, ES, FR, GN, ML, 19930218 19930318 ES, FR, 19941102 19940215 19971015 19930304 19960530 CS, DE, NO, PL, GB, GR, MR, SN, DE 11 DE 11 AU 11 GB, JP 10 NO 1 DE 1 DE 1 WO 1 EP 1992-916697 WO 1992-EP1738 APPLICATION NO. 1991-4127026 1991-4130461 1992-EP1738 , IT, LI, LU, 1992-504057 SE, NL, HU, JP, KP, US SE, BF, BJ, SE 19940215 19910816 19910913 19910816 19910913 19920731 19920731 DATE 19920731 19920731

AB R2 = A process for the preparation of pyrazine derivative I where R1 = H or alkyl,

functionalized alkyl moiety, R3, R5 = H and R4, R6 = H, Me, Et, Bu, benzyl was accomplished by conventional methods. E.g., reaction of 4.44 g of Me 3-amino-5,6-dichloropyrazine-2-carboxylate and 3.6 g of 2-amino-1-(2,6-dimethylphenoxy)propane with 2.2 g Et3N in 40 mL anhydrous DMF gave an intermediate pyrazinecarboxylic acid ester which underwent subsequent ammonolysis in 50 mL MeOH and 50 mL of methanolic guanidine solution and eluted on silica gel by AcOH:1-POH:NH3 eluent to give N-amidino-3-amino-6-chloro-5-(2-(1-(2,6-dimethylphenoxy))propylamino)pyraz ine-2-carboxamide-hydrochloride. The products are suitable for use as active incredients in device for data. active ingredients in drugs (no data). 147932-18-1P

TI

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) 147932-18-1 CAPIUS

오골 Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3-amino-N-(aminoiminomethyl)-6-chloro-5-[4-(3-pyridinylcarbonyl)-1-piperazinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- NH- C- NH2

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): DOCUMENT NUMBER: L4 ANSWER 5 OF 20 ACCESSION NUMBER: CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 1993:408831 CAPLUS chloropyrazines as drugs
Koeppe, Herbert; Speck, Georg; Stockhaus, Klaus
Boehringer Ingelheim KG, Germany
Ger. Offen., 19 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX Preparation of 2-guanidinocarbonyl-3,5-diamino-6-119:8831

CASREACT 119:49413; MARPAT 119:49413

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.			KIND	-	DATE		APP	LICATI	APPLICATION NO.			DATE	
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<u> </u>	412/026			Αl		1993021	18	DE	1991-4	1991-4127026			19910816	316
WO	9304048			A1		19930304	2	∑	WO 1992-EP1738	P1738			19920731	731
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UA	9223870			A		199303			in	23870			19920731	731
AU	669122			в2		19960531	30							
EP	598770			A1		19940601	ដ	ΕP	EP 1992-916697	16697			19920731	731
EP	598770			B 1		19971015	15							
	R: AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	믓	ES, F		GB, GR	Į,	LI, LU,	, NI	SE	m	•
JP	06509798			T2		19941102			JP 1992-504057	04057			19920731	731
ИH	67661			A2		19950428	28	Ы	1994-430	30			1992073	731
CZ	280760	•		В6		19960417	17		1994-337	337			1992073	731
AT	159250			Ħ		19971115	15	ΑT	1992-916697	16697			1992073	31
ES	2108129			Т3		1997121	16	ES	1992-916697	16697			19920731	731
	2124008			Cl		1998122	27	RU	1994-15265	5265			1992073	731
ZA	9206132			Þ		1993033:	μ	ZA	1992-6132	132			1992081	314
NO	9400523			Þ		1994021	15	NO	1994-523	23			1994021	215
PRIORITY APPLN.		INFO. :	••					P	1991-4	1991-4127026		Þ	19910816	316
								뭐	1991-4	1991-4130461		Α	1991091	913
								WO	1992-EP1738	P1738		A	19920731	731
HER	SOURCE(S):			MARPAT	AT	119:8831	31							
GI														

H ₽ Title compds. [I; Rl = H, alkyl; R2 = morpholino, (substituted) alkyl, 4-piperidinyl, amidino; RlR2N = (substituted) piperidinyl, piperazinyl; R3-R6 = H, alkyl, PhCH2), effective inhibitors of Na+/H+ and Na+/Li+ exchange useful as antihypertensives, mucolytics, diuretics, neoplasm inhibitors, and platelet activating factor antagonists (no data), are prepared Thus, Me 3-amino-1,6-dichloropyrazine-2-carboxylate, 2-amino-1,7 6-dichloropyrazine-2-carboxylate, 2-amino-1,9 6-dichloropyrazine-2-amino-1,9 6-dichloropyrazine-2-amino-1,9 6-dichloropyrazine-2-amino-1,9 6-dichloropyrazine-2-amino-1,9 6-dichloropyrazine-2-ami 2-amino-1-(2,6-dimethylphenoxy)propane, and Et3N were heated in DMF at 95-100° for 1.5 h to give Me 3-amino-6-chloro-5-[2-[1-(2,6-dimethylphenoxy)]propylaminojpyrazine-2-carboxylate. This was heated in the content of guanidine in MeOH to give title compound II. This was heated with

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RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as drug)

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147932-18-1 CAPIUS

Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3-amino-N-(aminoiminomethyl)-6-chloro-5-[4-(3-pyridinylcarbonyl)-i-piperazinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

DOCUMENT NUMBER: ACCESSION NUMBER: ANSWER 6 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 109:183053 L988:583053 CAPLUS

CORPORATE SOURCE: Baker Med. Res. Inst., Prahran, 3181, Australia British Journal of Pharmacology (1988), 95(1), 67-76 CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188 Amiloride analogs cause endothelium-dependent relaxation in the canine coronary artery in vitro: possible role of sodium/calcium exchange Cocks, T. M.; Little, P. J.; Angus, J. A.; Cragoe, E.

English Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: SOURCE: AUTHOR(S):

LANGUAGE: Na+/Ca2+ exchange. Both series of compds. Caused relaxation in isolated rings of dog coronary artery (ECSO values, 1-10 MM), presumably due to release of endothelium-derived relaxing factor (EDRF), since removal of endothelium greatly attenuated the response. Amiloride (1-100 MM) had little effect on either endothelium-intact or denuded arteries. The guanidino-substituted analogs also appeared to block selectively the relaxation response to acetylcholine in the coronary artery, independently of their EDRF-releasing activity. It is proposed that endothelial cells have an active Na+/Ca2+ exchange operating in the forward mode to extrude Ca2+. This mechanism may be important in the control of EDRF release. Furthermore it may be possible to use selective amiloride analog clin. as anthlypertensive drugs to relieve spasm in certain arteries such as the The effect of amiloride analogs in endothelium-dependent relaxations were studied. The analogs used were those substituted on either the 5-amino group or the terminal quanidino nitrogen atom. The former block both Na+/Ca2+ and Na+/H+ exchange, while the latter block the Na+ channel and coronary and cerebral. 117241-67-5

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RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(endothelium-dependent relaxation in coronary artery induction by, sodium/calcium exchange in, structure in relation to)
117241-67-5 CAPRUS
Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[imino[(4-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $Q \mathbb{Z}$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} C1 & N & NH \\ \hline & C-NH-C-NH-CH_2 \\ \hline & NH_2 \\ \end{array}$$

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: L4 ANSWER 7 OF 20 ACCESSION NUMBER: CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 1981:121602 CAPLUS 94:121602

Heterocyclic-substituted pyrazinoylguanidines, and a pharmaceutical composition containing them Cragoe, Edward J., Jr.; Woltersdorf, Otto W., Jr.; De Solms, Susan Jane Merck and Co., Inc., USA Eur. Pat. Appl., 41 pp. CODEN: EPXXDM Patent

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

INVENTOR (S):

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: DOCUMENT TYPE: English 1

OTHER SOURCE(S):	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	JP 56158771	AT 2323	NO 152560	NO 152560	NO 8000878	DK 8001291	ZA 8001770	AU 533298	AU 8056536	US 4246406	R: AT, BE, CH,	EP 17152	EP 17152	PATENT NO.
MARPAT		A 2	Ħ	a	œ	A	A	Þ	В2	A1	A	I, DE, FR,	B1	A1	KIND
MARPAT 94:121602		19811207	19830215	19851016	19850708	19800929	19800928	19811125	19831117	19801002	19810120	, GB, IT,	19830126	19801015	DATE
5 Eb 1980-101288		JP 1981-38040	AT 1980-101589		٠	NO 1980-878	DK 1980-1291	ZA 1980-1770		AU 1980-56536	US 1979-24293	LU, NL, SE		EP 1980-101589	APPLICATION NO.
A 19800326	A 19790327	19810318	19800326			19800326	19800326	19800325		19800318	19790327			19800326	DATE

CONHC (= NH) NHR3 I

ΑB Diuretic (no data) pyrazinoylguanidines I (R = halogen; R1, R2 = H, alkyl; R3 = heterocyclic) were prepared Thus, Me 3-amino-5-isopropylamino-6-pyrazinecarboxylate was treated with H2NCN and the resulting cyanamide was treated with H2S and methylated to give the isothiourea, which was treated with 2-aminothiazoline to give I (R = C1, R1 = CHMe2, R2 = H, R3 = 2-titoroline-2-vi)

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П 2-thiazolin-2-yl).
76942-93-3P 76942-99-9P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
76942-93-3 CAPLUS

> S Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[imino(3-pyridinylamino)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Q P 76942-99-9 CAPIUS
Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[imino(2-pyridinylamino)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION: DOCUMENT TYPE: PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: INVENTOR(S): DOCUMENT NUMBER: L4 ANSWER 8 OF 20 ACCESSION NUMBER: CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 1978:509585 CAPLUS Pyrazinecarboxamides
Cragoe, Edward J., Jr.; Wo
Habecker, Charles N.
Merck and Co., Inc., USA
U.S., 15 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
Patent English 2 89:109585 Jr.; Woltersdorf, Otto W., Jr.;

GI	OTHER SOURCE(S):	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	ES 465742	JP 62038350	JP 52106877	ZA 7607431	BE 849379	CH 630369	HU 175504	GB 1527297	FR 2335226	FR 2335226	ES 454160	AU 511429	AU 7620181	NL 7613276	SE 431452	SE 431452	SE 7613289	DK 7605314	US 4085211		PATENT NO.
	MARPAT		A1	В4	A2	A	A1	А	טי	A	В1	A1	A1	В2	A1	A	ი	₩	Þ	A	Þ	1	KIND
	89:109585		19781001	19870817	.19770907	19780726	19770614	19820615	19800828	19781004	19790309	19770715	19780301	19800821	19780608	19770617	19840517	19840206	19770616	19770616	19780418		DATE
		US 1975-640803	ES 1978-465742		JP 1976-149889	ZA 1976-7431	BE 1976-173235	CH 1976-15660	HU 1976-ME2034	GB 1976-51940		FR 1976-37459	ES 1976-454160		AU 1976-20181	NL 1976-13276			SE 1976-13289	DK 1976-5314	US 1976-722442		APPLICATION NO.
		A2 19751215	197,80103		19761215	19761214	19761214	19761213	19761213	19761213		19761213	19761210		19761202	19761129			19761126	19761125	19760913		DATE

II A series of title amides I (R = halo: Rl = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl; R2 = H, alkyl; NRIR2 = pyrrolidino, piperidino; R3 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl; R4 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl; R5 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl; R5 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl; R5 = morpholino, piperazino; R7 = H, alkyl; R3R7 = CH2CH2, substituted ethylene) were prepared and are useful as diuretics (no data). Thus, the addition reaction of N-amidino-3,5-diamino-6-chloro-2-pyrazinecarboxamide with EtNCO gave II. RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) 64077-95-8 CAPLUS

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Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[imino[[(4-pyridinylamino)carbonyl]amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNTY 2	LANGUAGE:	DOCUMENT TYPE:		SOURCE:	PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):		INVENTOR(S):	TITLE:	DOCUMENT NUMBER:	ACCESSION NUMBER:	L4 ANSWER 9 OF 20	
IT: 2	German	Patent	CODEN: GWXXBX	Ger. Offen., 71 pp.	Merck and Co., Inc., USA	<pre>Jr.; Habecker, Charles Newcomer</pre>	Cragoe, Edward Jethro, Jr.; Woltersdorf, Otto William,	Pyrazinecarboxamides	87:117906	1977:517906 CAPLUS	CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN	

AU 7620181 AU 511429	SE: 431452 SE 431452 NL 7613276	DK 7605314 SE 7613289	DE 2656374 DE 2656374	PATENT NO.	PATENT INFORMATION:
A1 B2	≯ ೧₩	PP	C2 A	KIND	^
19780608 19800821	19840206 19840517 19770617	19770616	19770616 19890810	DATE	
AU 1976-20181	NL 1976-13276	DK 1976-5314 SE 1976-13289	DE 1976-2656374	APPLICATION NO.	
19761202	19761129	19761125 19761126	19761213	DATE	

GI	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	ES 465742	JP 62038350	JP 52106877	ZA 7607431		CH 630369	HU 175504	GB 1527297	FR 2335226	FR 2335226	ES 454160
		A1	В4	Ð	A	A1	A	יטי	Þ	B1	A1	A1
		19781001			-						19770715	19780301
	SD	ES		JР	. ZA	ВE	CH	НΠ	GB		Ŗ	ES
•	US 1975-640803	1978-465742		1976-149889	1976-7431	1976-173235	1976-15660	HU 1976-ME2034	1976-51940		1976-37459	1976-454160
	A											
	19751215	19780103		19761215	19761214	19761214	19761213	19761213	19761213		19761213	19761210

CON=C(NH2)2 II

- ₽B Divretic (no data) pyrazinecarboxamides I (R, R1, R3, R4, R5, R7 = H, alkyl, R2 = halo; R6 = H, alkyl, aryl) (>60 compds.) were prepared Thus II was treated with PrNCO to give I (R, R1, R3, R4, R5, R7 = H, R2 = C1, R6 = Pr).
- T 64077-95-8P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 RD: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 64077-95-8 CAPLUS
 Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[imino[[(4-pyridinylamino)carbonyl]amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- ₽ ₽
- C C-NH-C-NH-C

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE: L4 ANSWER 10 OF 20 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: US 3573306 PATENT NO. CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 1971:420438 CAPLUS N-substituted 3,5-diamino-6-halopyrazinamides Shepard, Kenneth L.; Cragoe, Edward J., Jr. Merck and Co., Inc. U.S., 10 pp. U.S., 10 pp. CODEN: USXXAM KIND A English Patent 75:20438 DATE 19710330 US 1969-804663 APPLICATION NO. DATE 19690305

NI 7001141

A 19700908 NI 1970-1141

BE 746816

PRIORITY APPIN. INFO::

AB Addition of diphenylcarbamoyl chloride to 3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinoic acid and Et3N in HCONNe2 gave 3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinecarboxylic diphenylcarbamic anhydride (I). Refluxing Na in iso-PrOH with guanidine-HCl and addition of 1 gave 1-(3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinoyl) guanidine. Similarly prepared were 1,1,3-tetramethyl-2-(3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinoyl)-3-cyanoguanidine. Finilarly prepared were 1,1,3-tetramethyl-2-chloropyrazinecyl)-3-cyanoguanidine. In (3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinecarboxamide, N-(2,2-diethoxyethyl)-3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinecarboxamide, N-(2-morpholine-thyl)-3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinecarboxamide, N-(2-pyridyl)-3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinecarboxamide, N-(2-pyridyl)-3,5 PRIORITY APPLN. AB Addition o 오꽃 Н Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[imino[(3-pyridinylmethyl]amino]methyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) 14229-20-0 CAPLUS 14229-20-0P (preparation of) SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HC1

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GI For diagram(s), s
AB The title process L4 ANSWER 11 OF 20 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: FAMILY ACC. NUM. CO PATENT INFORMATION: DOCUMENT TYPE: PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): INVENTOR (S): US 3539569 NL 6910945 PATENT NO. COUNT: CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 1971:42387 CAPLUS KIND Merck and Co., Inc. U.S., 4 pp. D D English CODEN: USXXAM Tull, Roger J.; Pollak, Peter I. pyrazinoylureas Diuretic and natriuretic pyrazinoylguanidines from 74:42387 19701110 19700224 DATE US 1968-754451 NL 1969-10945 US 1968-754451 APPLICATION NO Þ 19690716 19680821 19680821 DATE

salt

which

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. The title process describes the preparation of pyrazinoylguanidines (I) by treatment of the corresponding pyrazinoylureas (II) with a guanidine in a polar nonhydroxylic solvent 5-12 hr at 50-100°, treatment of the mixture with excess dilute mineral acid to precipitate I as the acid addition

may be converted to I by conventional procedures. II are obtained from the pyrazinoic acid ester (III, X = OR') by refluxing with NaHNCN and converting the pyrazinoyLoyanandde III (X = NHCN) to II by treatment with dilute mineral acid. Thus, H2NCN in MeOH containing Na refluxed 30 min and solution refluxed 24 hr with III (R1 = R2 = H, X = OMe) gave III (R1 = R2 + H, X = NHCN) (IV), m. >330°. V in DMF stirred (N atmospheric) 8 hr at 70° with H2NC(:NH)NH2.HCl and NaOMe and treated at 40° with 1.5N HCl gave I (R1 = R2 = H, X = C1), m. 240.5-1.5°. An addnl. 30 compods. obtained by slight modifications of the process are reported. and the

IT

S S RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) (preparation of) 14229-20-0 CAPLUS Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[imino[(3-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

● 2 HC1

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 20 ACCESSION NUMBER: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): DOCUMENT NUMBER: PATENT INFORMATION: LANGUAGE: DOCUMENT TYPE: INVENTOR(S): CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 1970:43731 CAPLUS Diuretic and natriuretic pyrazinoylguanidines Cragoe, Edward J., Jr.; Jones, James Holden CODEN: Merck and Co., Inc. French ' Patent 72:4373 22 pp. EN: FRXXAK

ΑВ PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 1559541 DE 1770174 GB 1185408 Pyrazinoylguanidines, useful as diuretic and natriuretic agents for reducing the excretion of K ions are prepared by treating a pyrazinoic acid azide with a guanidine. Thus, to, a solution of 10 g methyl 20 ml 64% aqueous amino-5-diethylamino-6-chloropyrazinoa te in 250 ml EtcH, 20 ml 64% aqueous 3-amino-5-diethylamino-6-chloropyrazinoic acid hydrazide m. 142-5° (2-propanol). The following I were prepared (R, R1, and m.p. given): EtNH, Cl, 168-70°; CH2:CHCH2NH, Cl, 159-60°; Me2N, Me, -; MeNH, Cl, 159-60°, Me2N, Me, -; EtNMe, Cl, 134-6°; Me2N, Cl, 132-4°; p-ClC6HGH2NH, Cl, 150-60°; ph, Me, -; MeNH, Cl, 257-60°; BuNH, Cl, 161-3°; PRH, Cl, 171-3°; HOCHZCHZNH, Cl, 184-5°; C6H13, Cl, -; cyclopentylamino, Cl, 143-5°; Me2NCHZCH2NH, Cl, 161-3°; MeS, Cl, 240-2°; HS, Cl, 218-20°; cyclopropyl-methylamino, Cl, -; HO, Cl, >30°; PrS, Cl, ZA 6802332 PATENT NO. KIND DATE 19680000 19690307 GB GB US APPLICATION NO. 20 ml 64% aqueous DATE 19670413 19680412 19670413

Ethi, Cl. 217-18; CH2CHCHNH, Cl. 213-14; Me2N, Me, 262°; MeNET, Cl. 229-30°; iso-PrNH, Cl. 213-14°; Me2N, Me, 262°; MeNET, Cl. 229-30°; iso-PrNH, Cl. 215-14°; MeN, Me, 288-9°; PC-CLC6HACHCNH, Cl. 223-6°; Ph. Me, -; MeNH, Cl. 238-9°; MeNH, Cl. 219.5°; PC-CLC6HACHCNH, Cl. 221-2°; HO(CH2)2NH, Cl. 219-20°; Me2N(CH2)2NH, Cl. 192.5-4.5°; MeS, Cl. 233.5-6.5°; HS, Cl. 236.5°; cyclo-propylmethylamino, Cl. 220.0-1.5°; HO, Cl. 230.5°; P-MeCGHGGENH, Cl. 220.0-1.5°; HO, Cl. 230.5°; P-MeCGHGGENH, Cl. 213-15°; P-MeCGHGGENH, Cl. 213-15°; P-MeCGHGGENH, Cl. 217-18°; Ets. Cl. -; n-C5H115, Cl. -; n-C5H12, Cl. -276-8°; Ph-CH2)2NH, Cl. 207-8°; Me2N, Ph. 205-6°; CF3CH2NH, Cl. 207-8°; pyrrolidino, Cl. 244.5-5.5°; MeNPF, Cl. 214-15°; Me2N, Cl. 26-17°; n-C5H15, Cl. -; n-C5H15, Cl. 166-8°; Me, Br, 202-5°; cyclopropylamino, Cl, -; p-MeC6H4CH2NH, Cl, -; p-C1C6H4NH, Cl, -; p-C1C6H4NH, Cl, -; hCH2CH2NH, Cl, -; Me2N, Ph, 153-4°; CF3CH2NH, Cl, -; 4-pyridylmethylamino, Cl, -; Ets, Cl, 196-9°, n-C5H11S, Cl, 265-7° (HCl); Me(CH2CH:CH2)N, Cl, -; pyrrolidino, Cl, -; MeN-Pr, Cl, 133-6°; phCH2S, Cl, -; H, Br, -. A solution of 3.45 g NaNO2 in 20 ml H2O was added to a solution of 10 g 3,5 -diamino-6-chloropyrazinoic acid hydrazide in 350 ml 0.5N HCl at 50-5° during 45 min to give 6.4 g 3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinoic acid azide [II], m. 160° (explodes).

To a solution of 0.46 g Na in 50 ml 2-propanol, 2 g guanidine-HCl was added, the mixture cooled, NaCl separated by filtration, 1.07 g II added to the filtrate the mixture refluxed 30 min, worked up and treated with HCl to give 0.4 g (3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinoyl)guanidine-HCl-12H2O, m. 285-8°; free base m. 240.5-1.5°. The following III (R2 = R3 = R4 = H) were prepared (R, Rl and m.p. given): Et2N, Cl, 215°; EtNH, Cl, 217-18°; CH2CHCH2NH, Cl, 213-14°; Me2N, Me, 785° waster Cl 290-30°; iso-brun. Cl 215°; Η,

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ &$$

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(preparation of) 1233-60-9 CAPLUS

Pyrazinecarboxamide, N-amidino-3-amino-6-chloro-5-[(4-pyridylmethyl)amino]-(7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[(3-pyridylmethyl)amidino](7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 1634-14-6 CAPLUS

Q Z

(preparation of 14229-20-0 CAPLUS

Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[imino[(3-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

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C-NH-C-NH-CH2-

PATENT INFORMATION: DOCUMENT TYPE: PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) L4 ANSWER 13 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:512983 CAPLUS FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: INVENTOR(S): DOCUMENT NUMBER: Fr., 8 pp. CODEN: FRXXAK Merck and Co., Inc. (3,5-Diamino-6-halopyrazinoyl) guanidines Pollak, Peter I.; Tull, Roger J. French Patent 71:112983

The title compds. (I) are prepared by reacting a 3,5-diamino-6-halopyrazinoylcyanamide (II) with NH3 or an amine and are useful as diuretics. Thus, I mole methyl 6-chloro-3,5-diaminopyrazinecarboxylate in MeOH is treated with I mole sodium cyanamide and refluxed 3 hrs., the solvent evaporated and the residue dissolved in 1 1. concentrated NH4OH containing 3

Re C1), m. 240.5-1.56 (decomposition); HC1 salt m. 293.5°.

Similarly was prepared the following I (R = C1, R1 = R2 = R4 = H) (R3 and m.p. given): Me. 252-4°; CH2CH2OH, (HC1 salt m. 293.5°).

Similarly was prepared the following I (R = C1, R1 = R2 = R4 = H) (R3 and m.p. given): Me. 252-4°; CH2CH2OH, (HC1 salt m. 290.5-5): benzyl, 215-16°; o-C1C6H4CH2, 220-3°; p-FC6H4CH2, 216-19.5°; p-APC6H4CH2, 210-12°; p-MeOC6H4CH2, 219-21.5; apyridylmethyl, - (2HC1 salt m. 280.5-3.5°.

Also the following I (R = C1, R1 = Me, R3 = R4 = H) (R2 and m.p. given): H, 213-15°; Bu, 187-5°, Also I (R = C1, R1 = Me, R3 = R4 = H) (R2 and m.p. given): H, 213-15°; Bu, 187-5°, Also I (R = C1, R1 = Me, R3 = R4 = H) (R2 R3, R3, R4 = H) (R3 R4 = H) (R3 R4 = H) (R4 R5°; iso-Pr, Me, 300°; iso-Pr, CH2CH2OH, - (HC1 salt m. 265°; C1, H, H, H, H, 232.5-5.5°; C1, H, H, Et, Et, 238.5-40°; Br, H, H, H, H, 233.5-5.5°; C1, H, H, Et, Et, 265°; C1, H, H, Me, PhCH2, - (HC1 salt m. 271-16°); C1, Me, iso-Pr, PhCH2, - (HC1 salt m. 271-16°); C1, Me, iso-Pr, PhCH2, - (HC1 salt m. 271-16°); C1, Me, iso-Pr, PhCH2, - (HC1 salt m. 271-16°); C1, Me, Me, M2, 271-16° ΙŢ PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 1525692 GB 1180785 US 3472847 ZA 6703250 For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. The title compds. (I) are prepared by PATENT NO. 266°, Cl. H., H., Me. PhCH2, - (HCl salt m. 274.5°); Cl. Me. iso-Pr. Me. Me. 209-11°; Cl. Et. Et. Me. Me. 212-14°. 14229-20-0P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) KIND 19691014 19670000 DATE 19680517 FR 1967-109143 GB US ZA US APPLICATION NO 19660825 19660825 19670605 DATE

●2 HC1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. CO PATENT INFORMATION: LANGUAGE: DOCUMENT TYPE INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): DOCUMENT NUMBER: ACCESSION NUMBER: ANSWER 14 OF 20 COUNT: CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 1969:491530 CAPLUS Fr., 9 pp. CODEN: FRXXAK (3,5-Diamino-6-halopyrazinoyl)guanidines Pollak, Peter I.; Tull, Roger J. Merck and Co., Inc. . French

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GI For diagram(s), s
AB I compds are pre GB 1173451 US 3503972 ZA 6703247 PATENT NO. FR 1528217 KIND DATE 19700331 19680607 19670000 FR 1967-109146 APPLICATION NO. DATE 19660825 19670605 19681104

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

ZA 6703261

19670000

DATE 19670605

₽ ₽ ij (preparation of 14229-20-0 CAPLUS Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[imino[(3-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) RL: 14229-20-0P SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) (CA INDEX NAME)

C-NH-C-NH-CH2

HC1

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): L4 ANSWER 15 OF 20 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: PATENT INFORMATION: FAMILY ACC. NUM. DOCUMENT TYPE: TITLE: FR 1525671 GB 1158399 PATENT NO. COUNT: CAPLUS KIND Fr., 6 pp. CODEN: FRXXAK pyrazinamido) guanidines
Pollak, Peter I.; Tull, Roger J. Merck and Co., Inc. French Patent (3,5-Diamino-6-halopyrazinoyl and US COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 969:481411 CAPLUS DATE 19680517 FR 1967-109099 GB ZA US APPLICATION NO.

H) -HC1, AB GI

14229-20-0 CAPLUS
Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[imino[(3-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) 281-2°; I (X = C1, n = 1, R = R1 = R2 = H, R3 = R4 = Me),
2211°; I (X = C1, n = 1, R = R3 = R4 = H, R1 = R2 = Me)-HC1,
279-80°; I (X = Br, n = 0, R = R1 = R2 = R3 = R4 = H),
232.5-5.5°; I [X = C1, n = 0, (RR2N =) ethyleneimino, R1 = R3 = H = H] [sic], 222.5-3.5°. RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) 14229-20-0P (CA INDEX NAME)

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Ω - C- NH- C- NH- CH2-

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DOCUMENT TYPE: SOURCE: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): INVENTOR(S): DOCUMENT NUMBER: ACCESSION NUMBER: ANSWER 16 OF 20 ACC. NUM. COUNT: CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN English 1 Pyrazinoylguanidine and pyrazinamidoguanidine Pollak, Peter I.; Tull, Roger J. Merck and Co., Inc. U.S., 4 pp. CODEN: USXXAM 70:96820 1969:96820 CAPLUS

PRIORITY APPLAN. INFO.:

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB (3,5-Diamino-6-halopyrazinoyl)guanidine and (3,5-diamino-6-US 3432502 NL 6707563 DK 115771 BE 699435 ES 341321 CH 484161 halopyrazinamido)guanidine, possessing diuretic and saluretic properties without enhancing K excretion, are prepared by treating 3,5-diamino-6-halopyrazinoic acid hydrazide with a guanidine or an aminoguanidine. Thus, 1 mole 6-choro-3,5-diaminopyrazinoic acid hydrazide and 3 moles GB 1184709 PATENT NO. A A A A 19690311 19680226 19691110 19671204 19681016 19700115 US 1966-574909 NI 1967-7563 DK 1967-2864 BE 1967-699435 ES 1967-341321 CH 1967-484161 GB 1967-1184709 US 1966-574909 APPLICATION NO × 19660825 19670531 19670601 19670602 19670602 19670607 19670607 DATE

yielding
the HCl salt, m. 293.5° (decompose). Similarly prepare.....
Rl, R2, R3, R4, R5, and m.p. given): 0, Br, H, H, H, H, H, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, and m.p. given): 0, C1, H, H, H, Me, R1, R52-4°; 0, C1, H, H, Me, R2, H, HCl monohydrate 277°; 0, C1, H, H, Et, Et, H, 265°;
Me, H, HCl monohydrate 277°; 0, C1, H, H, Et, Et, H, 265°; Similarly prepared were I (n, æ

diaminopyrazinoyl) guanidine was precipitated

by addition of 300 ml. N HCl

A G

Thus, 1 mole 6-choro-3,5-diaminopyrazinoic acid hydrazide and 3 moles chloral were heated 2 hrs. at 80° in 300 ml. dimethoxyethane. The solution was then cooled to room temperature and 1 mole quantidine added with stirring. The mixture was heated an addnl. 2 hrs. at 80° removing most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the solvent by distillation and the product (6-chloro-3,5-most of the solvent by distillation and the solvent by

14229-20-0P н, н, E

H (preparation of 14229-20-0 CAPLUS SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

₽ ₽ Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[imino[(3-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HC1

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 20 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: SOURCE: INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) FAMILY ACC. NUM. CO PATENT INFORMATION: LANGUAGE: DOCUMENT TYPE: COUNT: CAPLUS Merck and Co., Inc. U.S., 26 pp. CODEN: USXXAM Cragoe, English 69:36172 (3-Amino-2-pyrazinecarbonyl) guanidines US COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS Edward J., Jr. 9 STN

US 3313813

19670411

US 1963-313315

19621030

DE 1795438

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

Title compds. I are prepared from II, III, and IV. Thus, 3318 g. SO2C12 is added in 30 min. to 765 g. Me 3-amino-2-pyrazinecarboxylate in 5.1 C6H6; the mixture is agitated lnr., refluxed 5 hrs., and agitated overnight to give 724 g. Me 3-amino-5,6-dichloropyrazinecarboxylate (V), m. 233-4° (MeCN). A mixture of 100 g. V: and 1.1 Me2SO is heated to PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

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Web) [siel], 15)-6.* II (N = MeO, Y = Me), Z = Me) [of II (N = MeO, Y = Me), Z = Me) [of II (N = MeO, Y = Me), Z = Me) [of II (N = MeO, Y = Me), Z = Me) [of II (N = MeO, Y = Me), Z = Me) [of II (N = MeO, Y = Me), Z = Me) [of II (N = MeO, Y = Me), Z = Me) [of II (N = MeO, Y = Me), Z = Me) [of II (N = MeO, Y = Me), Z = Me), Z = Me) [of II (N = Me), Z = M
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(decomposition), -; H, 2-Cl0H7CH2, 243.5-5.5° (decomposition), -; H, 3-Pyridylmethyl, 280.5-3.5° (decomposition), -; H, p-MeC6H4CH2, 210-12° (decomposition), -; MephCH2, 274.5° (decomposition), -; H, 0-ClC6H4CH2, 204-6° (decomposition), -; H, p-ClC6H4CH2, 204-6° (decomposition), -; H, p-ClC6H4CH2, 204-6° (decomposition), -; H, 2-4-Cl2C6H3CH2, -; Me, Me, 2-4-Cl2C6H3CH2, -; Me, 2-4-Cl2C6H3CH2, Me, 2-4-Cl2C6H3CH2, -; Me, 2-4-Cl2C6H3CH2, Me, (3-acetoamido-6-methylthio-2-pyrazinecarbonyl)guanidine, 220-2°, the following I (X = NH2, Y = Cl) (R, Rl, m.p., and m.p. HCl sal H, HOCH2CH2, -, 228.5-9.5° (decomposition); H, Ph, -, -, [MeSO3] 272° (decomposition); H, PhCH2, 215-16° (decomposition); -; H, PhCH4, 215-16° (decomposition); -; H, PhCH4, 215-16° (decomposition), -; H, PhCH4, 253-60° (decomposition), -; H, 2-Cl0H7CH2, 243.5-5.5° (decomposition), -; H, PhCH4CH2, 210-12° (decomposition), -; H, PhCH4CH2, 210-12° (decomposition), -; Me, PhCH2, 274.5° (decomposition), -196.5-9° (decomposition); PhNH, 224-6° (decomposition); PhNH, 194.5-5.5° (decomposition) [sic]; Ph2N, 234.5-5.5°, PhCN, 214-16° (decomposition); PhENN, 234-6° (decomposition); P-C1G6H4NH, 282-5° (decomposition); MePhN, 212-13° (decomposition); MePhN, 218-19° (decomposition) [sic]; Me2NNPh, 204-6° (decomposition); Pyrrolidinyl, 220-1°, 1-pyrryl, 211-13°, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 204-7° (decomposition); (3-isopropylidineamino-3-chloro-1-pyrrolyl, 246-7° (decomposition); (3-isopropylidineamino-3-chloro-1-pyrrolyl, 246-7° (decomposition); (3-isopropylidineamino-3-chloro-1-pyrrolyl, 246-7° (decomposition); (3-isopropylidineamino-3-chloro-1-pyrrolyl), 246-7° (decomposition); Pyrazinecarboxamide, N-amidino-3-amino-6-chloro-5-[(4-pyridylmethyl)amino](7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME) (preparation of) 3-chloro-1-pyrrolyl, 246-7° (decomposition); (3-isopropylidineamino-6-anilino-2-pyrazinecarbonyl)guanidine, 214-16° (decomposition); (decomposition)], and 1-(3,5-diamino-6-chloro-2-pyrazinecarbonyl)2,3-233-60-9P 1634-14-6P SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) -, [MeSO3H salt m. HCl salt given): 220-2°;

H2N-C-NH-

2 2

1634-14-6 CAPLUS

Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[(3-pyridylmethyl)amidino](7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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Ω C- NH- C- NH- CH2

DOCUMENT NUMBER: L4 ANSWER 18 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:49653 CAPLUS 68:49653

ij

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

A G DOCUMENT TYPE: INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PATENT INFORMATION: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: LANGUAGE: US 3328404 FR 1525691 GB 1173342 dimethylguanidine in C gives 1-(3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinamido)-3,3-diamithylguanidine-HCl, m. 279-80° (decomposition). With these methods and using the appropriate Me 3-amino-5-MRIRZ-substituted-6-chloropyrazinoate and the appropriate guanidine the following I (R = Cl, R5 = H) are prepared (R1, R2, R3, R4, and m.p. (all with decomposition) guanidine in EtOH, the mixture evaporated, and the residue refluxed 5 hrs. in 500 ml. 2N HCl to give (3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinoyl) guanidine-HCl, m. 293.5° (decomposition). (Step B). The 6-bromo analog is prepared similarly the as free base, m. 232.5-5.5°. Replacing guanidine by aminoguanidine in B gives (3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinamido) guanidine, m. 281-2° (decomposition). (Step C). Replacing IIa in A by Me 3-amino-5-dimethylamino-6-chloropyrazinoatte and following the other steps gives (3-amino-5-dimethylamino-6-chloropyrazinoatte and following the other steps gives (3-amino-5-dimethylamino-6-chloropyrazinoatte) guanidine, m. 221° (decomposition). Replacing aminoguanidine by 1-amino-3.3. properties and selectively enhance the excretion of Na and Cl and suppress the excretion of K. Thus, 0.1 mole II (R = R1 = R2 = H, R3 = Me) (IIa) the excretion of K. Thus, 0.1 mole II (R = R1 = R2 = H, R3 = Me) (IIa) heated 12 hrs. at 100° in 200 ml. liquid NH3 gives 90% 3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinamide (III), m. 218.5-20.6° (MeOH) (Step A). III (0.0115 mole) in 20 ml. HCONNe2 and 2 ml. POC13 heated 10 min. at 80° gives 77% 3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinonitrile, m. 295° (H2O), which (1 mole) in 1.1 moles absolute EtOH and 500 ml. Et2O is saturated with 1.1 moles HC1 gas at 0° and kept 4 days at 0°. The formation of the constant of t 221° (decomposition). Replacing dimethylguanidine in C gives 1-(3,5-Diamino-6-halopyrazinoy1)guanidine and (3,5-diamino-6-halopyrazinamido)guanidine compds. of structure I possess diuretic PATENT NO. For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. ZA 6703249 KIND Derivatives of pyrazine Pollak, Peter I.; Tull, Merck and Co., Inc. English Patent CODEN: USXXAM DATE 19670000 19670627 Tull, Roger J. US 1966-574904 FR GB APPLICATION NO DATE 19660825

given]: H, H, Me, H, 252-4°; H, H, Me, Me, - (HC1.H2O salt m. 277°);
H, H, Et, Et, 265°; H, H, Me, PNCH2, - (HC1 salt m. 274.5°);
H, H, CH2CH2OH, H, - (HC1 salt m. 228.5-5°); H, H, PCH2, H,
H, H, CH2CH2OH, H, - (HC1 salt m. 228.5-1.5°); H, H, PCH2, H,
215-16°; H, H, O-C1CGH4CH2, H, 220-3°; H, H, PFCGH4CH2, H,
216-19.5°; H, H, PMECGH4CH2, H, 210-12°; H, H,
PMECGH4CH2, H, 175.5-9.5°, H, H, 25-ME2CGH3CH2, H,
220-2°, H, H, PNCHME, H, 152-60°; H, H, PNCH2-CH2, H,
220-2°, H, H, S-PYTIDYIMETHYL, -H (d1-KC1 salt m.
280.5-3.5°); H, H, H, (R4K5) = CH2CCH2, 225-23°; H, 1so-Pr,
ME, H, >300°; H, 1so-Pr, Me, Me, 238.5-40°; H, iso-Pr,
CH2CH2OH, H, -(HC1.O.5H2Osalt m. 185-6°; H, 1so-Pr, PhCH2, H,
200.5-4.5°; H, Bu, Me, Me, 187.5°; H, CH2:CHCH2, Me,
Me, 213-15°; H, Bu, Me, Me, 187.5°; H, CYClOpropylmethyl, H,
219-30°; Me, Me, H, H, 216-17°; Me, Et, H, H,
207-8°; Me, Pr, H, H, 214-15°; Me, iso-Pr, H, H,
207-8°; Me, 1so-Pr, Me, Me, 209-11°; Et, Et, Me, Me,
212-14°. 14229-20-0P iso-Pr, PhCH2, H,

₽₽ 14229-20-0 CAPLUS

Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[imino[(3-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HC1

DOCUMENT NUMBER: L4 ANSWER 19 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:37887 CAPLUS

Pyrazine diuretics. II. N-amidino-3-amino-5-substituted 6-halopyrazinecarboxamides
Cragoe, Edward J. Jr.; Wolteradorf, Otto W., Jr.;
Bicking, John B.; Kwong, Sara F.; Jones, James Holden
Div. of Merck and Co., Inc., Merck Sharp and Dohme
Res. Labs., West Point, PA, USA
Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1967), 10(1), 66-75

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1967), 10(1), 66-75 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

Journal

SOURCE:

CORPORATE SOURCE: AUTHOR (S):

OTHER SOURCE(S):
GI For diagram(
AB The synthesi DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: mercapto, alkylmercapto, amino, and substitute amino were prepared latter 2 tupes embrace compds. with the highest activity. Several for the synthesis of Me 3-amino-5,6-dichloropyrazinoate, a key halopyrazinecarboxamides (I) is described In rats and dogs, these compds. cause diuresis and saluresis while K excretion is unaffected or repressed Compds. with a variety of 5 substituents including hydroxy, alkoxy, intermediate, are presented. 23 references.

SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of 14229-20-0 CAPLUS

Η

日日 Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[imino[(3-pyridinylmethyl)amino]methyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HC1

L4 ANSWER 20 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:82636 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:82636

3-amino-5,6-dichloropyrazinecarboxylate (I), m. 233-4°. Into a solution o PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: PATENT INFORMATION: DOCUMENT TYPE: PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): INVENTOR (S) ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: LANGUAGE: (I), m. 233-4°. Into a solution of 100 g. I in 1 1. dry Me2SO dry NH3 was passed under stirring at 65-70° for 45 min., then at 10° for 1.25 hrs. to give 82.5 g. Me 3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinecarboxylate (II), m. 212-13°. A mixture of 14.2 g. II, 9 g. Pd-C, 4 g. MgO, and 250 ml. MeOH was shaken under H for 18 hrs. at room temperature to give Me 3,5-diaminopyrazinecarboxylate (III), m. 252-4° (decomposition) (iso-PrOH). Bromination of a suspension of 2 g. III in 25 ml. AcOH at 50° with 2.1 g. Br in 10 ml. AcOH gave 1.2 g. Me 2,5-diamino-6-bromopyrazinecarboxylate (IV), m. 217-19°. Hg(OAc)2 (3.2 g.) and a solution of 2.5 g. iodine in 20 ml. warm dioxane was added rapidly to a suspension of 1.7 g. III in 30 ml. H2O at 70°, the mixture heated for 5 min., cooled to room temperature, and treated with 50 ml. For diagram(s), see printed C A suspension of 765 g. Me 3-a treated with 1.99 l. SO2C12, room temperature to give 888 g. crude Me BE 639386 PATENT NO. ACC. NUM. COUNT: KIND 62:14698f-h,14699a-h,14700a-h,14701a-h,14702a-b Merck & Co., Inc. 99 pp. Cragoe, Substituted guanidines Unavailable Me 3-aminopyrazinecarboxylate in 5 l. C6H6 was O2C12, refluxed for 5 hrs., and left overnight at DATE 19640430 CA Issue. Edward J., SB APPLICATION NO DATE 19621030

8.9 15% 3-amino-5-dimethylamino-6-chloropyrazinecarboxylate (V), m.

145.5-6.5° (MeOH). A solution of 10 g. MeSH in 17 ml. 20% NaOH and

100 ml. MeOH was added to a boiling mixture of 17.7 g. I and 1 l. MeOH and

refluxed 15 min. to precipitate 12 g. Me 3-amino-5-methylthio-6chloropyrazinecarboxylate (VI), m. 212-16° (MeOH). VI (23.4 g.),

35 ml. 30% H2O2, and 300 ml. AcOH was stirred 18 hrs. at room temperature to
give 18.5 g. the 5-methylsuifinyl analog (VII), m. 237.5-01.5°

(decomposition) (MeOH-AcOEt-HCONH2). Hydrolysis of 7.5 g. VII in 75 ml. AcOH
and 12 ml. H2O on a steam bath for 3 hrs. produced 3.7 g. Me
3-amino-5-hydroxy-6-chloropyrazinecarboxylate (VIII), m.
apprx.245° (decomposition) (HCONH2-EtOH). Hydrogenation of VIII with
Pd-C and MgO at room temperature resulted in Me 3-amino-5hydroxypyrazinecarboxylate, m. 242.5-3.5° Me
3-amino-5-dimethyl-aminopyrazinecarboxylate, m. 242.5-3.5° Me
3-amino-5-dimethyl-aminopyrazinecarboxylate, m. 252.4° (decomposition), and Me
3-amino-5-dimethyl-aminopyrazinecarboxylate, m. 262.5-3.5° Me KI solution precipitated 1.2 g. Me 3,5-di-amino-6-iodopyrazinecarboxylate, m. 200-2°. I (11.1 g.), 500 ml. iso-PrOH, 14.4 g. PhNH2, and 12.8 g. PhNH2.HCl was refluxed 24 hrs. under stirring to give 10 g. Me 3-amino-5-anliino-6-chloropyrazinecarboxylate, m. 171.5-73° (iso-PrOH). Similarly were prepared Me 3-amino-5-(p-chloroanilino)-6-chloropyrazinecarboxylate, m. 207-8° (MeCN), and Me 3,5-diaminopyrazinecarboxylate, m. 252-4° (decomposition), and Me 3-amino-5-methoxypyrazinecarboxylate, m. 205.5-7.5°. A mixture of 8.9 g. I and 20 ml. PhCH2NH2 was heated on a steam bath for 30 sec. to give 7.5 g. Me 3-amino-5-benzylamino-6-chloropyrazinecarboxylate (IX), m. 157-8° (MeOH). Hydrogenation of IX yielded Me 3-amino-5-benzylaminopyrazinecarboxylate, m. 189.5-91.5°. Treatment of 1.1 g. I with MeONa in 200 ml. boiling absolute MeOH produced 1 g. Me 3-amino-5-methoxy-6-chloropyrazinecarboxylate, m. 255-7° (MeCN). Na2S (9.6 g.) and 10 g. S was refluxed in 80 ml. absolute EtoH. Addition Addition

g. I at 25° and stirring for 1 hr. gave 7.8 g. Me 3-amino-5-mercapto-6-chloropyrazinecarboxylate, m. 207-8° (decomposition). To a refluxing solution of 4.44 g. I in 300 mil EtoH was

guanidine (from 1.98 g. guanidine-HCl) in 50 ml. absolute EtoH in 15 min. and the mixture refluxed 0.5 hr. to give 3.1 g. Me 3-amino-5-ethoxy-6-chloropyrazinecarboxylate, m. 123-5 (iso-PrOH).

3-Amino-6-methylpyrazinoylamide (31 g.) was heated 10 min. with 320 ml. 10% NaOH. The resulting Na salt of the acid (97 g.) was methylated with 77 g. Me2SO4 in 700 ml. MeOH 19 hrs. at room temperature to give 18 g. Me 3-amino-6-methylpyrazinecarboxylate (X), m. 138.5-40.5 (66H6).

Chlorination of 9.2 g. x with 65 ml. SOZC12 under cooling produced 4.4 g. Me 3-amino-5-methylpyrazinecarboxylate, m. 108.5-10.5 (C6H6-cyclohexane). A mixture of 30 g. 3-amino-5-methylpyrazinecarboxylic acid and a solution of 30% HCl in 650 ml. MeOH was stirred 42 hrs. at room temperature to give 15.4 g. Me 3-amino-5-methylpyrazinecarboxylate (XI), m. 165-7 (H2O). A solution of 4.18 g. Br in 3 ml. AcOH was added to a solution of 4.2 g. XI in 15 ml. AcOH in 20 min. to produce 3.6 g. Me 3-amino-5-methyl-6-bromopyrazinecarboxylate, m. 179-81.

Aminomalonamidamidine-RCHC (52.5 g.) was added to an ice-cooled solution of 28.8 g. ethylglyoxal in 450 ml. H2O. The mixture was made alkaline with apprx. 65 ml. concentrated NH4OH and left 20 hrs. at room temperature to 3-amino-6-ethylpyrazinecarboxamide, m. 165.5-8.5 (iso-PrOH), which

Jamino-6-ethylyyrazinecarboxamide, m. 165.5-8.5° (iso-PrOH), which was saponified 30 min. on a steam bath with 10% MooNH to give 3-mino-6-ethylpyrazine-carboxylic acid (XII), m. 149-22°.

Stirring 14 g. XII in a solution of 33% HCl in 160 ml. MeOH 24 hrs. at room temperature gave 4.3 g. XII Me ester, m. 85-7° (iso-PrOH). MeOH 24 hrs. at room temperature gave 4.3 g. XII Me ester, m. 85-7° (iso-PrOH) and MeOH 24 hrs. at room temperature gave 4.3 g. XII Me ester, m. 85-7° (iso-PrOH) and its MeoH 24 hrs. on a steam bath to give 7.5 g. 7-cyclohexyllumazine (XIII), m. 22-31° (gaucous AcOH). A solution of 18.5 g. XIII and 9 g. NabH in 90 ml. H20 was heated in a steer m. 173-45.5° similarly were pepared Me 3-mino-6-cyclopropylpyrazinecarboxylate acid, m. 182.5-35° (aqueous iso-PrOH); Me ester m. 173-45.5° (similarly were pepared Me 3-mino-6-cyclopropylpyrazinecarboxylate (XV), m. 182.5-36°, Me 3-mino-6-cyclopropylpyrazinecarboxylate (XV), m. 100-15.5° (aqueous iso-PrOH); Me 2-mino-6-cyclopropylpyrazinecarboxylate (XV), m. 100-15.5° (amide m. 185.5-7.5° (free acid m. 169-72°)), Me 3-mino-6-cyclopropylpyrazinecarboxylate (XV), m. 100-15.5° (amide m. 185.5-7.5° (free acid m. 169-72°)), Me 3-mino-6-cyclopropylpyrazinecarboxylate (XV), m. 100-15.5° (amide m. 185.5-7.5° (AcOH). To a suspension of 10.5° (AcOH). To 30° (AcOH).

left 24 hrs. at room temperature to give 1.6 g. the Me ester, m. 154-5° (1:5 MeoH-H2O). A solution of 60 g. 4-chloro-o-phenylenediamine in 60 ml. H2O and 50 ml. 12N HCl was treated with a solution of 61.44 g. allowan-H2O in 100 ml. H2O and stirred l hr. at 90° to give a precipitate of 78.4 g. 8-chloroalloxazine, m. 365-6° and 40.36 g.
7-chloro-alloxazine, (XVIII) m. 380° (Me2SO). A mixture of 44.2 g. XVIII and 190 ml. concentrated NH4OH was heated in an autoclave 10 hrs. at 165° to give 27.2% 3 amino-7-chloroquinoxalin-2-carboxylic acid, m. 191-2° (decomposition); Me ester m. 224.5-5.5° (MeCN). Also prepared are the following XIX (R. R1, % yield, and m.p. given): Me, H, 88, 149-50°; pr. H, 75, 138-40°; 150-PF. H, 70, 125.5-6.5°; CH2:CHCH2, H, 69, 105-6.5°; Bu, H, 91, 140-2°; sec-Bu, H, 75, 106-8°; iso-Bu, H, 51, 113.5-15.5°; tert-Bu, H, 78, 132-3° cyclopropyl, H, 91, 153-4°; cyclopropylnethyl, H, 78, 132-3° cyclopropyl, H, 91, 157-9°; cyclopropylnethyl, H, 78, 132-3° cyclopropyl, H, 91, 157-9°; cyclopropylnethyl, H, 78, 132-3° cyclopropyl, H, 91, 157-9°; cyclopropylnethyl, H, 93, 115-5-1.5°; hencedH4CH2, H, 64, 171-4°; p-ClC6H4CH2, H, 93, 136-7°; phcH2CH2, H, 60, 172-5°; NH2CH2CH2, H, 93, 136-7°; phcH2CH2, H, 59, 115-19°; CF3CH2CH2, H, 93, 136-7°; hch2CH2, H, 40, 257°; 4-pyridylmethyl, H, 69, 95-7°; 2-furylmethyl, H, 81, 148-9°; Me, Et, 73, 102-4°; Me, Pr, 56, 83-5-5.5°; Me, 156-7°; Pr, 56, 83-5-5.5°; Me, 156-7°; phcH2CH2, H, 98, 156-7°; phcH2CH2, H, 99, 156-7°; phcH2CH2,

to 30 ml. After addition of 11.5 g. V the mixture was boiled 1 min., then maintained 1 hr. at room temperature to give 93% (3-amino-5-dimethylamino-6-chloropyrazinecarbonyl) guandidine (XXa), m. 216-17%, HCl salt m. 288° (decomposition). Similarly were prepared (3,5-diamino-6-bromopyrazin-carbonyl) guandidine, m. 232.5-5.5° (decomposition), (3,5-diamino-6-iodopyrazinecarbonyl) guandidine-HCl, m. 273-4° (decomposition) and (3-isopropylideneamino-6-anilinopyrazinecarbonyl) guandidine, m. 214-16° (decomposition). To a solution of 920 mg. Na in 50 ml. absolute iso-PcOH 3.85 g. XX was added and the NaCl filtered off. Adding 4.4 g. I and refluxing the mixture 15 min. gave (3-amino-5,6-dichloropyrazinecarbonyl) guandidine, HCl salt (XXb) m. 259-61°. The solution of XXb in 5 ml. HCONMe2 was treated with 1 ml. 25% aqueous Me2NH 1 hr. Me2NCH2CHZOH 20 min. on a steam bath gave 9.5 g. Me 3-amino-5-(2-dimethylamino-ethoxy)-6-chloropyrazinecarboxylate (XXI), m. 134.5-6.5° (C6H6-cyclohexane). To 20 g. XX in iso-PrONa (4 g. Na in 100 ml. iso-PrOH) 9.4 g. XXI was added and the mixture heated 30 min. on a steam bath to give 2.5 g. (3-amino-5-guandidno-6-chloropyrazinecarboxyl) guandidne-2HCl, m. >340°. A mixture of 2 l. concentrated NH4OH and 300 g. XVIII was stirred 16 hrs: at room temperature to

give

260 g. 3-amino-6-chloropyrazinecarboxamide (XXII), m. 227-30°.

HC(OEt)3 (200 ml.) and 33 g. XXII refluxed in 200 ml. Ac20 1.5 hrs. gave
260 g. 4-hydroxy-6-chloropteridine (XXIII), m. 268-70° (decomposition)
(iso-PrOH). A solution of 5.5 g. XXIII and 4.4 g. PhCHSSH in 100 ml. 4% NaOH
was heated 30 min. on a steam bath to give 5.5 g. 4-hydroxy-6benzylthiopteridine, m. 233-5° (aqueous iso-PrOH), which was converted
into 3-amino-6-benzylthiopyrazinecarboxylic acid (XXIV), m. 138-9°,
by 8 hrs. hydrolysis with 5% NaOH. XXIV (8.5 g.) in 50 ml. Ac20 was
heated 5 hrs. on a steam bath to give 6.6 g. 2-methyl-6-benzylthio-4Hpyrazino[2,3-d][1,3]oxazin-4-one (XXIV), m. 116.5-18.5° (C6H6). To
1 g. Na in 30 ml. iso-PrOH 5 g. XX and 3.4 g. XXV were added to give,

after 1 hr. at room temperature, 1.1 g. (3-maino-6-benzylthiopyrainecarbonylquantialne, m. 171-3 (decomposition) Similarly were prepared

4-hydroxy-6-methyltholyperatidenes by the prepared

4-hydroxy-6-methyltholyperatidenes by the prepared

4-hydroxy-6-methyltholyperatidenes by the prepared

4-decomposition) (AcOST), 2-methyl-6-methyltho-d+pyrazino(2,3-d)(1,3)oxazin-4
6-methyltholyperatimenesbonyl) quantidize (XXVII), m. 220-2*. Addition of

HELLO XXIII in E22 gave 864 (3-mino-6-methylth)

1-mino-f-methyltholyperatimenesbonyl) quantidize (XXVII), m. 220-2*. Addition of

HELLO XXIII in E22 gave 864 (3-mino-6-methylth)

1-mino-f-methyltholyperatimenesbonyl) quantidize (XXVII), m. 220-2*. Addition of

HELLO XXIII in E22 gave 864 (3-mino-6-methylth)

1-methyl-6-methyltholyperatimenesbonyl) quantidize (3-mino-6-methylth)

1-methyl-6-methyltholyperatimenesbonyl) quantidize (3-mino-6-methylth)

1-methyl-6-methyltholyperatimenesbonyl) quantidize (3-mino-6-methylth)

1-methyl-6-methyl-6-methyltholyperatimenesbonyl)

1-methyl-6-methyltholyperatimenesbonyl)

1-methyl-6-methyltholyperatimenesbonyl, 4, 3, 23-15; (2-3)

1-methyl-6-methyltholyperatimenesbonyl)

1-methyl-6-methyltholyperatimenesbonyl, 4, 3, 24-5; (Minol)

1-methyl-6-methylt

hydroxyethyl) guanidine-HCl; m. 228.5-9.5° (aqueous iso-PrOH).

1-(3-Amino-5-isopropylamino-6-chloropyrazinoyl)-3-(2-hydroxyethyl) guanidine-HCl.0.5H2O, m. 185-6° (decomposition), was prepared from Me 3-amino-5-isopropylamino-6-chloropyrazinozathoxylate. A mixture of 6.1 g. II, 6.8 g. phenylquanidine, and 3 ml. iso-PrOH was heated 6 hrs. to give 1-(3.5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinoyl)-3-phenylquanidine, isolated as the MesO3H salt, m. 272° (decomposition) (H2O). Ph-CH2NHZ (80.3 g.) and 69.5 g. XXVIII in 200 ml. H2O kept 18 hrs. at room temperature gave benzylquanidine sulfate, which was converted into the HCl salt (XXIX) (51.5 g.), m. 175-8° (aqueous EtOH), by treating its aqueous solution with aqueous

Bell2. To a solution of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half of the column of the solution of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half of the column of the solution of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half of the column of the solution of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half of the column of the solution of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half of the column of the solution of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half of the column of the solution of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half of the column of the solution of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half of the column of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half of the column of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half of the column of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half of the column of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half of the column of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half of the column of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and solution of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and solution of 1 g. Nain 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and profiles and profiles and profiles and profiles and profiles

BaCl2. To a solution of 1 g. Na in 30 ml. iso-PrOH 9.3 g. XXIX was added and half the volume distilled Addition of 2 g. II and heating the mixture 15 min. yielded 1 g. 1-(3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinoyl)-3-benzylguanidine, m. 215-16° (decomposition) (aqueous iso-PrOH). With the appropriate starting materials the following 3-substituted 1-(3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinoyl)guanidines were prepared [3-substituent and m.p. (decomposition)

glven1: p-fluorobenzyl 216-19.5°; α-methylbenzyl 153-60°; 3-pyridylmethyl, 280.5-3.5°; 2-naphthylmethyl 153-60°; 3-pyridylmethyl, 280.5-3.5°; 2-naphthylmethyl 243.5-5.5°. Also prepared were the following RR1-NC:(NN)NH2.HCl (R. Rl, % yield, and m.p. given): p-Me-C6H4CH2 H, 28, 153-5°; c-C1C6H4CH2, Me, 32, 122.5-5.5°; p-Me-CRH2, H, 71, 131-6°; p-C1C6H4CH2, H, 55, 1135-5.5°, p-Me-C6H3CH2, H, 69, 132-7°; 2,4-Me-2C6H3CH2, H, 55, 1105-15°; 2,4-C12C6H3CH2, H, 71, 155-7°; p-Me-C6H3CH2, H, 71, 155-17°; p-Me-CH2CH2, H, 71, 155-17°; p-Me-CH2C

Also prepared were the following XXIXa [R, Rl, 8 yield, and m.p. (decomposition)given]: p-McCH4CH4C, H, 27, 210-12; phcH2, Me, 35, 274.5° (HCL salt); o-ClCGH4CH2, H, 39, 220-3°; p-ClCGH4CH2, H, 46, 204-6° p-MeOCGH4CH2, H, 27, 175.5-9.5°; p-Me2CGH3CH2, H, 46, 204-6° p-MeOCGH4CH2, H, 27, 175.5-9.5°; 2.4-Me2CGH3CH2, H, 59, 220-2°, 2.4-Cl2CGH3CH2, H, 30, 216-19°; p-ClCSGH3CH2, H, 30, 216-19°; phcH2CH2, H, 46, 219-21.5°. To a solution of 2.3 g. Na in 200 ml. phcH2CH2, H, 46, 219-21.5°. To a solution of 2.3 g. Na in 200 ml. absolute MeOH 15 g. dimethyl-guanidine sulfate was added, the mixture refluxed

hr. and cooled, Na2SO4 filtered off, the solution concd, to 30 ml., 10.15 g. II added, and the mixture heated 30 min. and kept 1 hr. at room temperature to give 3.6 g. 1-(3,5-diamin.o-6-chloropyrazinoyl)-3,3-diamin. To a (XXX), decomposing at 240° HCl salt m. 275° (decomposition). To a solution of 36.57 g. EtzNH in 100 ml. H2O and 41 ml. concentrated HCl adjusted, with 3.66 g. EtzNH to pH 9.2 a solution of 50% aqueous cyanamide (65.16 g.) was added dropwise at 100° in 4 hrs. After refluxing 1 hr. and standing over night at room temperature the mixture was treated with 50 ml. of

40%
NaOH and CO2 passed through under cooling to give 1,1-diethylguanidine, isolated as the HCl salt (XXXI) (35 g.), m. 147-9°. Similarly, 1,1-dibutylguanidine-HCl (XXXII), m. 104.5-106° (H2O), was obtained in 86% yield. The following compds: were also prepared: 88.6% 1 - (3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinoyl)-3,3-diethylguanidine, m. 265° (decomposition), from II and XXXII and 72% 1-(3,5-diamino-6-chloropyrazinoyl)-3,3-dibutylguanidine, m. 148-9° (iso-PEOH), from II and XXXII.

Also prepared were the following XXXIII (R, Rl. % yield, and m.p. given): iso-Pr, H., 35, 238.5-40°; CH2:CHCH2, H, 39, 215°; Bu, H, 17, 187.5°; cyclopropylmethyl, H, 3, 196-7°; Me, Me, 69, 219°; Me, Et, 49, 218°; Me, iso-Pr, 61, 209-11°; Et, 40,214°. The compds: are effective in the treatment of abnormal electrolyte excretion.

IT 1233-60-9, Pyrazinecarboxamide, N-amidino-3-amino-6-chloro-5-[(4-pyridylmethyl)amino]- 1634-14-6, Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-((3-pyridylmethyl)amidino]-

(preparation of)
RN 1233-60-9 CAPLUS
CN Pyrazinecarboxamide, N-amidino-3-amino-6-chloro-5

CN Pyrazinecarboxamide, N-amidino-3-amino-6-chloro-5-[(4-pyridylmethyl)amino]-(7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

RN 1634-14-6 CAPLUS
CN Pyrazinecarboxamide, 3,5-diamino-6-chloro-N-[(3-pyridylmethyl)amidino](7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 06:28:03 ON 19 OCT 2006

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE ENTRY -15.00

TOTAL SESSION -15.00 SINCE FILE ENTRY 103.58

TOTAL SESSION 271.57

=> LOG HOLD
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
FULL ESTIMATED COST